

Renewables & Energy Efficiency:

Delivering after COP21

On behalf of Adnan Z. Amin Director General, IRENA 27 September 2016

Our biggest challenge?

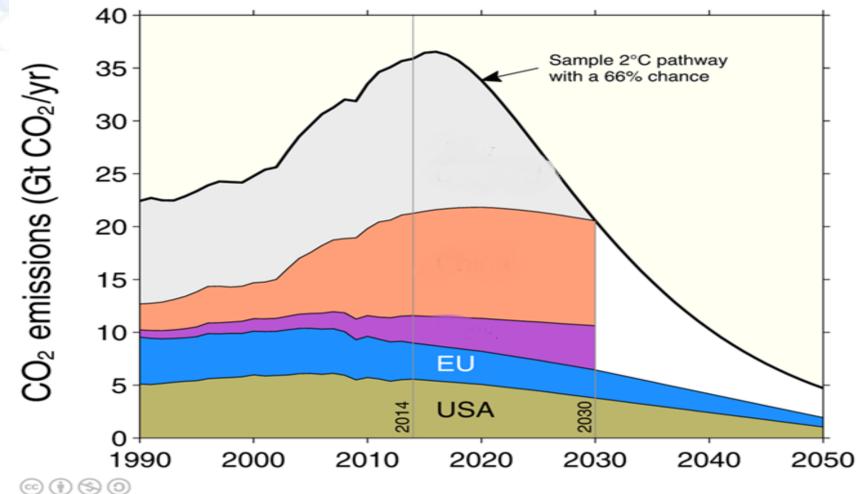




Time is not our friend

Our biggest challenge?

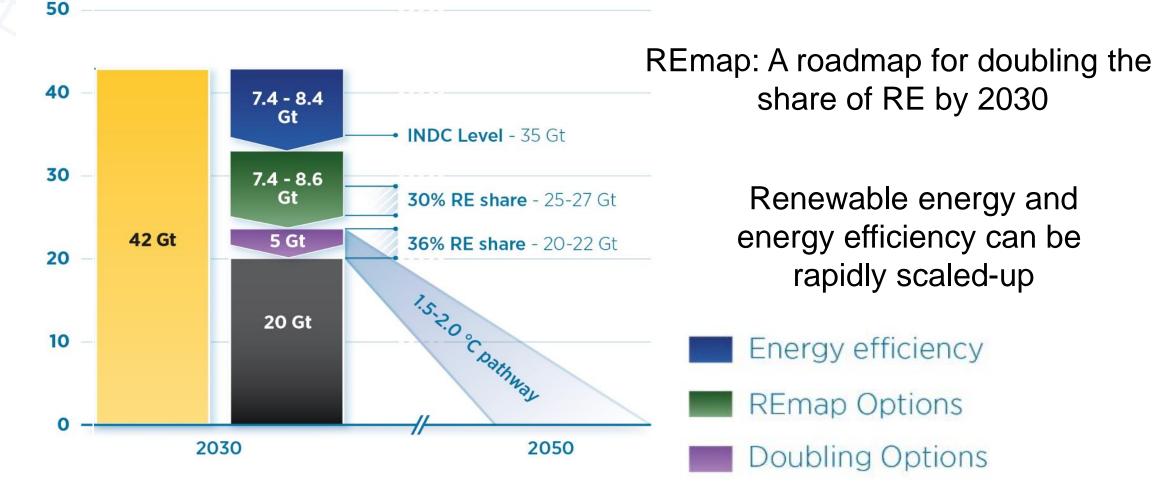




Slobal Carbon Project

How do we shift onto a pathway to limit temperature increase to 2°C?

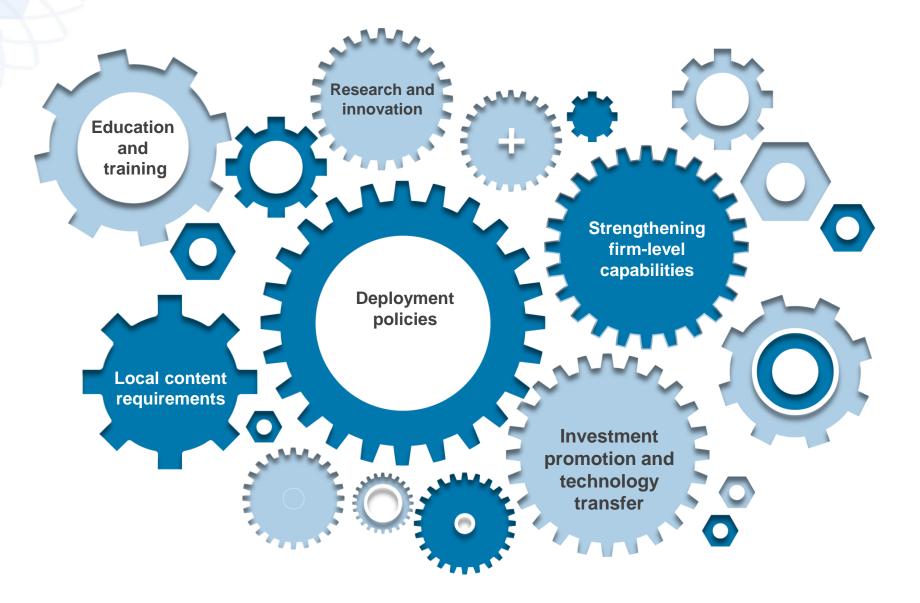
CO, emissions from energy (Gt/year)



Doubling the share of renewables by 2030 would keep the world on a pathway to limiting global warming to 1.5-2.0 degrees

First priority: Getting the policy mix right





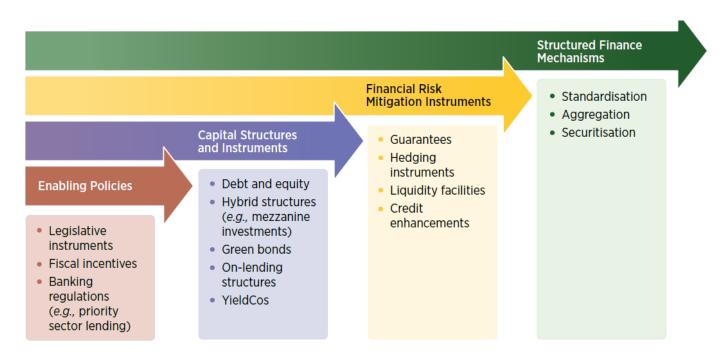
Requires a country and technology specific approach



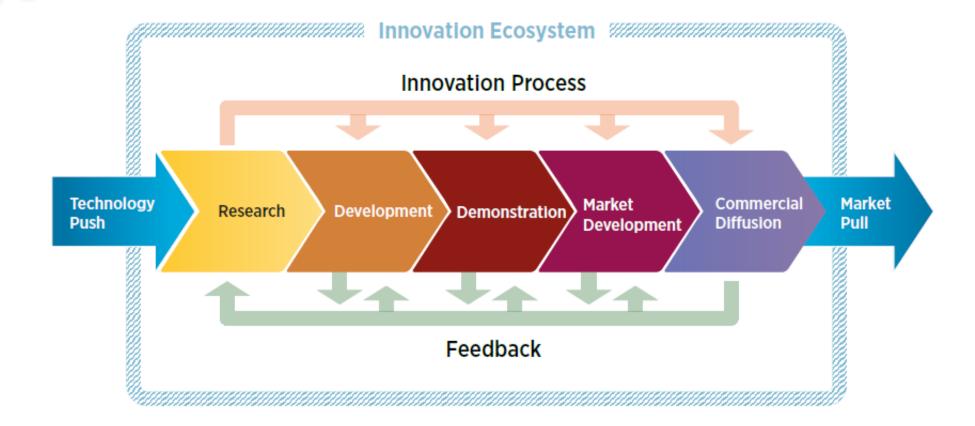
Resources vary by country

Technology maturity is a spectrum

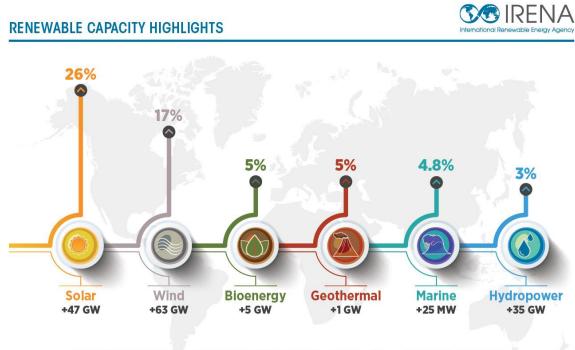
May also require assistance to de-risk projects



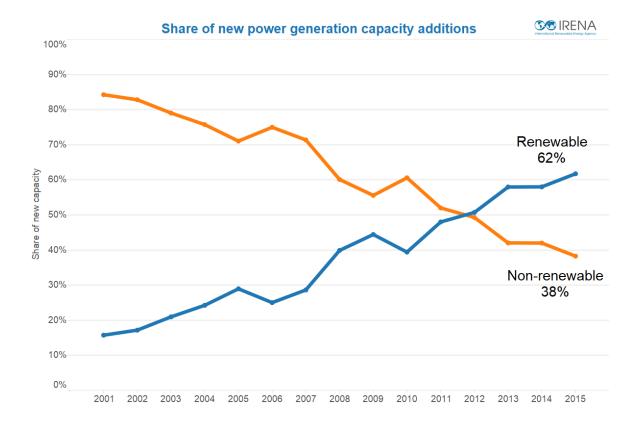
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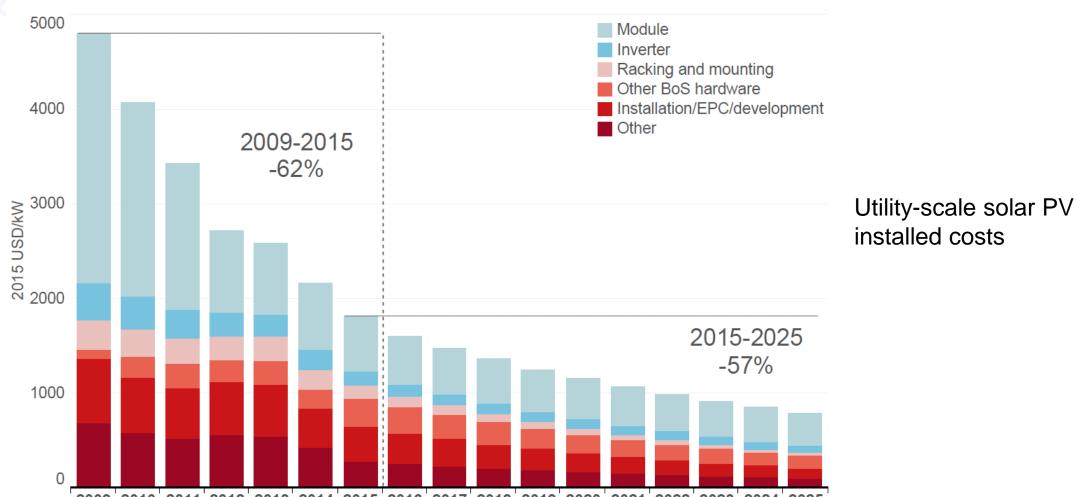




2015 Renewable Energy Capacity Growth - By Technology

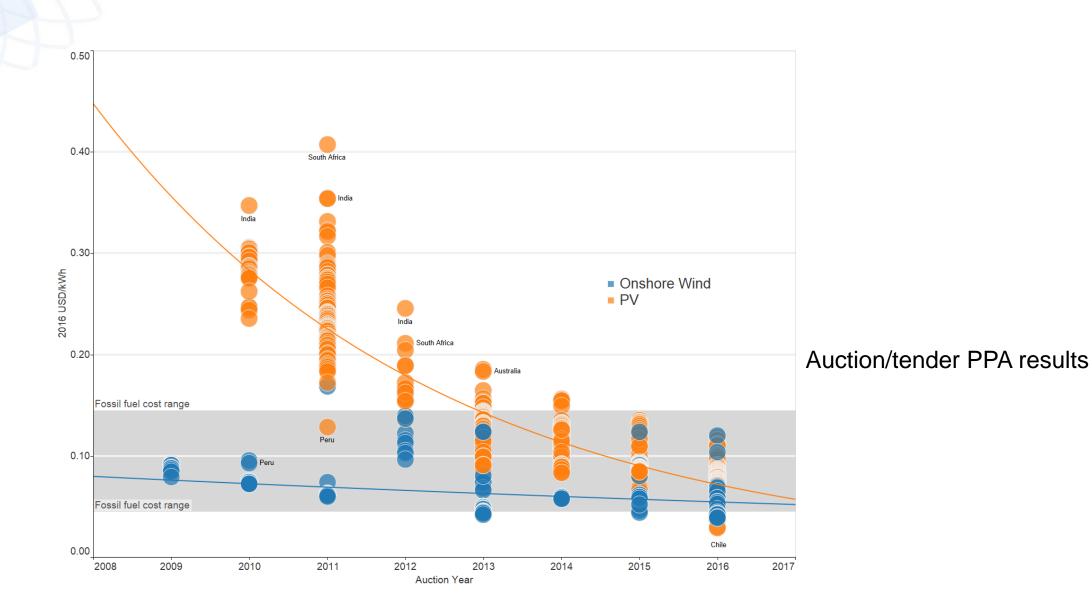






2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025







Today's progress in power generation is important

Nature of electricity system is changing

The future electricity system will increasingly reward flexibility

Market design needs more attention

Industry, buildings and transport



Sooner rather than later need to be addressed

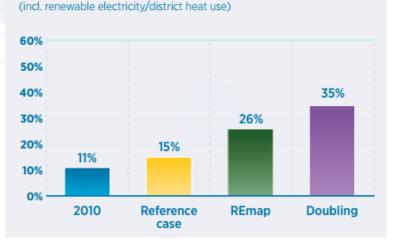
Bioenergy, solar heat, geothermal heat, electrification of low temperature heat with heat pumps

Old inefficient building stock is opportunity in cold climates, but requires widespread retrofits

In industry carbon-free alternatives exist for high temperature heat, but can be costly. CCS?

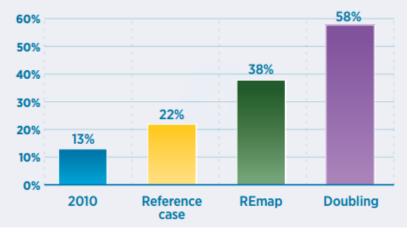
Transport: Biofuels, EVs, biomethane

Industry, buildings and transport

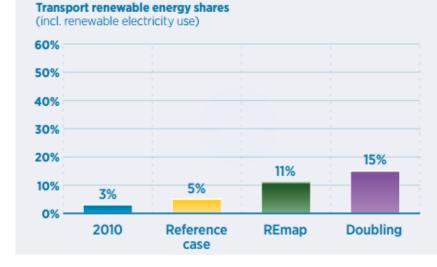


Buildings modern renewable energy shares

(incl. renewable electricity/district heat use)

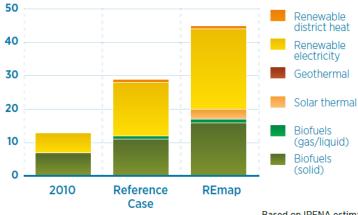


International Renewable Energy Agency

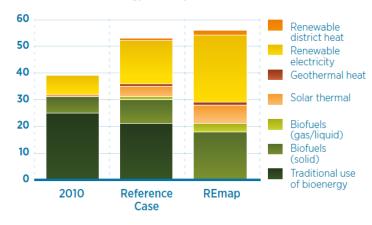


Total final renewable energy use (EJ/year)

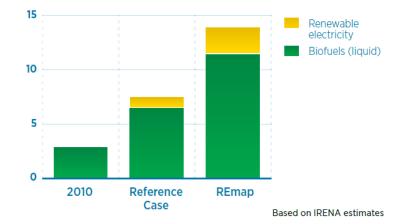
Industry renewable energy shares



Total final renewable energy use (EJ/year)



Total final renewable energy use (EJ/year)



Based on IRENA estimates

Key action areas





Correct for market distortions to create a level playing field and reform power markets Introduce greater flexibility into energy systems and accommodate the variability of key renewable energy sources and increase sector coupling Develop and deploy renewable heating and cooling solutions for urban development projects and industry

Promote transport based on renewable power and biofuels b

Ensure the sustainable, affordable and reliable supply of bioenergy feedstock

Success will unlock significant benefits







#REmap



